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11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
12 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
13 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION
14

15 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,)	No.: CR 06-0426 SI
16 Plaintiff,)	DETENTION ORDER
17 v.)	
18 ALEX WAI SHING FONG,)	
19 Defendant.)	
20 _____)	

21 This matter came on for detention hearing on October 10, 2006. Defendant Alex
22 Wai Shing Fong appeared in custody with his counsel, Claire Leary. He was assisted by a
23 sworn Cantonese interpreter. The government appeared through Assistant U.S. Attorney
24 Andrew M. Scoble.

25 Both sides were afforded an opportunity prior to the hearing to review the bail
26 report of the Pretrial Services Agency. The Pretrial Services Agency recommended that
27 the Court require a substantial bond secured by property that is unrelated to any grow
28 operations; it suggested that, in the absence of such a bond, no condition or combination
of conditions would reasonably ensure the defendant's continued court appearances as

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1 required. The Pretrial Services Agency also questioned the fitness of the defendant's
2 parents to serve as sureties, given their possible involvement in marijuana cultivation
3 activities, as explained below. The Court agreed with Pretrial Services for the reasons set
4 forth in its report and those offered by the government, and rejected defendant's proposal
5 that he be released on a bond secured by real property owned by his mother (where an
6 active marijuana cultivation operation was seized on June 27, 2005) and \$5,000 cash from
7 his father. This Order supplements the Court's findings announced from the bench and
8 serves as written findings of fact and statement of reasons as required by 18 U.S.C. §
9 3142(i)(1).

10 The Bail Reform Act of 1984, 18 U.S.C. §§ 3141-50, sets forth four factors which
11 the Court must consider in determining whether pretrial detention is warranted. These
12 factors are:

- 13 (1) the nature and seriousness of the offense charged;
- 14 (2) the weight of the evidence against the person;
- 15 (3) the history and characteristics of the person including, inter alia, character,
16 employment, family ties, community ties, financial resources, and criminal history; and
- 17 (4) the nature and seriousness of the danger to any person or the community that
18 would be posed by the person's release.

19 Defendant Alex Wai Shing Fong is subject to a rebuttable presumption of
20 detention under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e), in that a federal grand jury has indicted him for
21 conspiring with Vince Ming Wan and others, from approximately July 5, 2002 through
22 June 27, 2005, to traffic in one thousand or more marijuana plants, in violation of 21
23 U.S.C. § 846. The grand jury has also charged the defendant with maintaining premises
24 for cultivating and distributing marijuana, and cultivating and possessing marijuana with
25 intent to distribute it, in connection with four specific alleged marijuana grow sites,
26 during various periods between approximately July 16, 2003 and June 27, 2005.

27 With regard to the first factor, the nature and seriousness of the offenses charged,
28 as is noted above, a federal grand jury has indicted the defendant with a serious drug
conspiracy, for a violation of 21 U.S.C. § 846. This is a grave charge, and carries a

1 mandatory minimum sentence of ten years' imprisonment, with a possible maximum of
2 life imprisonment.

3 Turning to the second factor, the weight of the evidence, this is the least important
4 of the factors, and the bail statute neither requires nor permits a pretrial determination of
5 guilt. United States v. Gebro, 948 F.2d 1118, 1121-22 (9th Cir. 1991). The government
6 proffered that the defendant is charged, in addition to the marijuana cultivation
7 conspiracy, in connection with cultivation of marijuana at four different premises, with at
8 least three of these occurring during the period when the defendant was free on bail in
9 connection with state marijuana charges (based on two grow sites that are distinct from
10 these three charged grow sites).

11 Concerning the history and characteristics of the defendant, and the nature and
12 seriousness of the danger posed by the defendant's release, the Court agrees with the
13 conclusion of the Pretrial Services Agency that the defendant poses a risk of flight for the
14 following reasons. He is a citizen of Hong Kong (China), and although he has lived in
15 this District for some 15 years and his parents and significant other live here as well, he
16 has traveled frequently to Hong Kong in the past and has even moved back there twice
17 from this District. Moreover, he has ongoing strong ties to Hong Kong, in the form of his
18 sister and his young daughter (who lives with his sister). Further, he has traveled to
19 Canada several times during his stay in this District, and once to Thailand.

20 As the Pretrial Services report notes, the defendant's work history is unconfirmed.
21 He was arrested in May 2003 near the site of a marijuana cultivation operations (which
22 became the subject of state charges), and found to have more than \$10,000 in cash hidden
23 inside his pants. This suggests that he may have access to large sums of cash. The
24 defendant's father was arrested along with the defendant in that same vehicle, and found
25 to have nearly \$1,000 in cash on his person. The defendant's mother was on the lease for
26 the house in question – which was found to house only a marijuana grow operation, and
27 not to be used as a residence.

28 As the Pretrial Services report also indicates, the defendant, should he be convicted
of the charges in this case, will likely face deportation. The Pretrial Services Agency and

1 the government both expressed doubt as to the fitness of the defendant's parents to serve
2 as sureties. The father was arrested (although not, apparently, charged) at the San
3 Leandro marijuana cultivation operation described above. However, he reported to the
4 Pretrial Services Agency that he had never been arrested. The mother was perhaps
5 involved in the marijuana growing operations, including the San Leandro operation
6 (where she was on the lease) and a grow operation seized pursuant to a state search
7 warrant on June 27, 2005 at 1402 East 21st Street in Oakland, which is property owned by
8 the defendant's mother and where the defendant's father reportedly now lives. The
9 government has pointed out, further, that the residence in Alameda where the defendant
10 and his father have reported that they previously lived, is a property owned by co-
11 defendant Vince Ming Wan and his former wife.

12 As to danger to the community, the Pretrial Services Agency reported its concern
13 that the defendant is a convicted drug felon with a number of law enforcement contacts
14 on his record, most troubling of which it found to be his three prior arrests and one
15 conviction for driving under the influence. The government added that the record appears
16 to support a conclusion that the defendant has supported himself over the years through
17 cultivating and distributing marijuana. Nonetheless, the Pretrial Services Agency
18 expressed its belief that this factor, danger to the community, could be addressed by
19 appropriate conditions of release.

20 The Court is troubled by a number of the points described above, including the fact
21 that the defendant has been indicted for alleged marijuana cultivation during the period
22 when he was released on bail in his state case. The Court has considered, and rejected,
23 the defendant's proposal that he be released on bond secured by the piece of real property
24 owned by his mother (which, as noted above, was found in June 2005 to house a
25 marijuana cultivation operation with which the defendant is now charged) and by \$5,000
26 cash offered by his father. The Court notes that the government has expressed its
27 willingness to consider a bond signed by appropriate sureties and secured by untainted
28 property. The Court finds that the record establishes by a preponderance of the evidence
that the defendant poses a risk of flight, and the Court agrees with the Pretrial Services

1 Agency that a substantial bond – with security untainted by any connection to marijuana
2 cultivation – is warranted to ensure his continued court appearances. Should the
3 defendant put together a bail package which addresses the Court's concerns, the Court
4 will entertain his release on appropriate conditions.

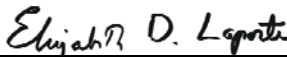
5 Accordingly, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), it is ORDERED that:

6 (1) The defendant be, and hereby is, committed to the custody of the Attorney
7 General for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from
8 persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal;

9 (2) The defendant be afforded reasonable opportunity for private consultation with
10 his counsel; and

11 (3) On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the
12 government, the person in charge of the corrections facility in which the defendant is
13 confined shall deliver the defendant to an authorized Deputy United States Marshal for
14 the purpose of any appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

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17 DATED: October 11, 2006


HON. ELIZABETH D. LAPORTE
United States Magistrate Judge